

## Safety Information Bulletin

CAAS SIB No.	2015-19		
Issued	02 December 2015		
Subject	Risk of	tail-strike due to rotation on take-off at erroneous $V_{\scriptscriptstyle R}$	
Ref. Publications	1) ATS	B Transport Safety Report AO-2014-162	
Applicability	All Singapore Air Operator Certificate (AOC) Holders		
Description	CAAS draws the attention of AOC holders to the potential risk of tail- strike due to rotation on take-off at erroneous $V_R$ . This SIB is intended to raise awareness and discuss the reasons for tail-strikes during take- off.		
	In recenduring the attitude can occurrent factors off.	nt years, there were several reported incidents of tail-strikes take-off. Tail-strike occurrence is directly related to pitch e versus aircraft geometry and main landing gear status. They our during take-off for several reasons, such as, aggressive n technique, gusty weather conditions, cross winds and human related to employing lower than required V <sub>R</sub> speeds for take-	
	1)	On rotation for take-off, tail clearance depends on a combination of Configuration, Thrust-to-Weight ratio and Speed.	
	2)	Employing a lower than required $V_R$ results in premature rotation which may lead to an increase in pitch attitude to lift-off causing a reduced tail clearance.	
	3)	Operationally, two main causes have been cited for pilots using lower than required $V_{\mbox{\tiny R}}$ :	
		a) The calculated $V_R$ is not correct for the actual aircraft weight, where, for example, $V_R$ was computed using the ZFW in place of the TOW.	
		b) There is a mistake in the displayed $V_R$ due to pilot input error whilst typing in the $V_R$ derived from the EFB into the FMS.	
		FIVIS.	

Recommendation(s)	Singapore AOC holders are highly encouraged to use the reference
	publications and the following recommendations:

- Both flight crew members should crosscheck the V<sub>R</sub> to verify that the inserted value is the appropriate value for the aircraft weight and configuration. A review of take-off data should be part of the take-off briefing and this should be confirmed during taxi for take-off.
- 2) Double-check data with the load sheet. Inaccurate (low) ZFW or TOW entries have caused tail strikes.
- 3) Tail-strike prevention should be part of recurrent training programs with TEM principles adopted to ensure the correct  $V_R$  is employed for take-off.

Singapore AOC holders are also encouraged to contact their respective Principal Operations Inspectors (POIs) to share any additional information regarding this issue.

Contact(s)For further information, contact respective POIs or CAAS A/FO DivisionInfocenter at 6595 6764 or CAAS AFO Infocenter@caas.gov.sg

Page 2 of 2

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