AVIATION ENGLISH LEVEL 6 SCREENING FORM



Part I - To be completed by the candidate

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Name:		Licence No:			
Organisation:					
LANGUAGE BACKGROUND (tick 🗹 as app	olicable below)				
Nationality :					
(Fill in your nationality above and tick ☑ as applicable below)					
Native English Speaking Country (e.g. Australia, USA, NZ, Ireland)					
□ Non Native Country with English as a Second Language (e.g. India, Malaysia, Singapore, Philippines)					
Country with English as a Foreign Language (e.g. China, Germany, Japan, Paraguay)					
Current Employment - No. of years of servi	ice with existing employer				
□ Less than 1 year □ B	etween 1 to 3 years	More than 3 year	ſS		
□ Other information on your language ba					
LANGUAGE CERTIFICATION (tick I AT LI	E <u>AST ONE</u> below)				
Certificates		Name of School / Institute	Country		
GCE 'O' Level (Minimum credit in Englis	h) or its equivalent:	-			
GCE 'A' Level or its equivalent:					
International Baccalaureate with English	as the medium of instruction				
Diploma with English as the medium of i	nstruction				
 University Degree with English as the modulation distance education) 	edium of instruction (excludes				
□ IELTS - Minimum Band 7 (out of 9)					
□ TOEFL - Minimum Score: Computer bas	ed - 250, Paper Version – 600)			
 Others (e.g. Level 6 language proficiency certification from a foreign CAA in accordance with ICAO language rating scale, Letter from existing employer attesting that there were no reported language deficiency since employment, Certificate of Completion for an English language course) (please specify) 					
I declare that the information provided above is true to the best of my knowledge. I agree to present the original certificate(s)/document(s) as ticked or specified above, if requested, to CAAS for verification. Signature: Date:					
 For official use only Original certificate(s)/document(s) sighte (as deemed necessary) 	d C Accepted for	r issue of Aviation Englis	h Certificate		
Name of Language Screener:	Signature & Dat	Signature & Date:			
art II - To be completed by the language screen	er				
Name :		Licence No :			
Capacity : AFE / CAAS (delete as applicable)		Authorisation No :			
Observation carried out during (tick ☑ as applicable below)					

□ Flight Test: (please specify)

□ Others: (please specify)

Date:

Part II (Continued)

		LEVEL 6 REQUIREMENTS				
Language Area	ICAO Descriptors	Explanation	Observable Outcome	Initial if observed		
Pronunciation	Pronunciation, stress, rhythm, and intonation, though possibly influenced by the first language or regional variation, almost never interfere with ease of understanding.	Expert speakers can still have a marked pronunciation, stress, etc that identify them as Australian, Japanese, Singaporean, etc but this does not interfere with their being understood by others outside their community. Some mispronunciations may be apparent but these almost never interfere with the ease with which the speakers are understood.	Able to speak in a manner that is clear and easy to understand.			
Structure	Both basic and complex grammatical structures and sentence patterns are consistently well controlled.	 By basic, we mean simple sentences such as: I am Singaporean. By complex sentence, we usually mean a sentence that has a number of parts to it. The following complex sentence has three parts to it: (1) If I had graduated from university earlier, (2) I would have found a better job (3) and would have earned a lot of money. 	Able to compose concise, meaningful and unambiguous sentences or messages.			
Vocabulary	Vocabulary range and accuracy are sufficient to communicate effectively on a wide variety of familiar and unfamiliar topics. Vocabulary is idiomatic, nuanced, and sensitive to register.	Register refers to the fact that we use different language to different people and in different situations. Sometimes, this is a matter of vocabulary. In the aviation industry, we use different vocabulary than in other situations. Sometimes, it is a matter of grammar. Thus we say, "Would you like to take a seat" to an official guest but "Sit" to a misbehaving child. In this way, we express our attitude and indicate the relationship between others and us. Nuance relates to subtle differences in vocabulary such as 'Ask him to open the door' and 'Tell him to open the door'.	Able to use correct words and phrases to match the setting.			
Fluency	Able to speak at length with a natural, effortless flow. Varies speech flow for stylistic effect, e.g. to emphasize a point. Uses appropriate discourse markers and connectors spontaneously.	The fluency with which we speak can affect understanding. Rapid speech means that others get overloaded with information and cannot follow. If the speech is too slow, the listener will get impatient. In addition, we vary the speed of delivery to show what is important and what is less important. Speed is often combined with emphasis for this purpose. Some speakers forget that pauses are also important. They help to break up a message into meaningful chunks. A longer pause can be used to add emphasis.	Able to respond, narrate events or describe situations naturally.			
Comprehension	Comprehension is consistently accurate in nearly all contexts and includes comprehension of linguistic and cultural subtleties.	 This is the other side of the coin from speaking. Does the speaker understand what is being said most of the time? Look out for signs of misunderstanding: The two parties seem to be talking at cross-purposes, i.e. about two different things. The speaker does not indicate understanding with a nod or a verbal equivalent. The speaker reacts incorrectly to what has been said to him. This can happen occasionally with the best speakers but not often. 	Able to understand and follow instructions without difficulty.			
Interactions	Interacts with ease in nearly all situations. Is sensitive to verbal and non-verbal cues and responds to them appropriately.	This may be the most difficult to measure as it is usually done unconsciously by most of us. Look out for signs that the speaker and those working with him are comfortable with the conversation and that one or other is not straining to keep the conversation going because of difficulty of understanding. Look out for appropriate use of non-verbal cues, e.g. eye-contact, finger & hand gestures, etc.	Able to ask and answer questions, and engage in two- way dialogue without difficulty.			
information s	tated in Part I of this fo	ed in Part I through observation and, taking orm and the guidelines above, I declare:		on the		
□ I am confident that the candidate satisfies the Level 6 requirements described above						
		ate satisfies the Level 6 requirements descri	pea.			
Remarks (if any	y):					